

Public Health Environmental Health Services

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Director

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> Josh Dugas, REHS Division Chief

September 21, 2017

Mr. David Dufour PO Box 31 Twin Peaks, CA 92391

Dear Mr. Dufour,

CITATION NO. 05_66_17C_041_3600415_24
ARROWHEAD PINE ROSE CABINS (SYSTEM NO. 3600415)
MONITORING TOTAL COLIFORM RULE ROUTINE SAMPLING VIOLATION

Enclosed is Citation No. 05_66_17C_041_3600415_24 issued to the Arrowhead Pine Rose Cabins public water system.

Any future enforcement actions taken by the Division of Environmental Health Service (Division) regarding this citation will be billed at the Division's current hourly rate of \$244.80. Future enforcement actions may include any time spent by the Division due to the Arrowhead Pine Rose Cabins failure to meet any directives as stated on Citation No. 05_66_17C_046_3600602_22. California Health and Safety Code, Section 116577, provides that a public water system must reimburse the DEHS for actual costs incurred by the DEHS for specified enforcement actions, including but not limited to, preparing, issuing and monitoring compliance with a citation.

Any person or entity who is aggrieved by a citation, order or decision issued by the DEHS under Article 8 (commencing with Health and Safety Code, Section 116625) or Article 9 (commencing with Health and Safety Code, Section 116650), of the Safe Drinking Water Act (Chapter 4, Part 12, Division 104, of the Health and Safety Code) may file a petition with the State Water Board for reconsideration of the citation, order or decision. Appendix 1 to the enclosed citation contains the relevant statutory provisions for filing a petition for reconsideration (Health and Safety Code, Section 116701).

Petitions must be received by the State Board within 30 days of the issuance of the citation, order or decision by the DEHS. The date of issuance is the date when the DEHS mails a copy of the citation, order or decision. If the 30th day falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or state holiday, the petition is due the following business day. Petitions must be received by 5:00 p.m. Information regarding filing petitions may be found at: http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/drinking_water/programs/petitions/index.shtml

If you have any questions regarding this letter, please contact Belinda Huy at (800) 442-2283.

Sincerely,

Belinda Huy, REHS
Land Use Protection Program
San Bernardino County

Division of Environmental Health Services

Certified Mail:

cc: Eric J. Zúñiga, PE, District Engineer, Division of Drinking Water by email at eric.zuniga@waterboards.ca.gov

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San Bernardino County Department of Public Health DIVISION OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SERVICES

IN RE: Arrowhead Pine Rose Cabins

25994 HWY 189 Twin Peaks, CA 92391

ATTN: Mr. David Dufour

PO Box 31

Twin Peaks, CA 92391

CITATION NO. 05_66_17C_041_3600415_24
FOR VIOLATION OF HEALTH AND SAFETY CODE SECTION 116555(a)(1)
AND THE PRIMARY DRINKING WATER STANDARD FOR TOTAL COLIFORM BACTERIA
TITLE 22, CALIFORNIA CODE OF REGULATIONS, SECTION 64423 (a)(3)

Issued September 21, 2017

The Division of Environmental Health Services (hereinafter "Division"), hereby issues this compliance order (hereinafter "Order") pursuant to Section 116555 of the California Health and Safety Code (hereinafter "CHSC") to the Arrowhead Pine Rose Cabins (hereinafter "Water System") public water system and its owner of record for violation of CHSC section 116555 (a)(1) and Title 22, California Code of Regulations (hereinafter "CCR"), Section 64423 (a)(3).

APPLICABLE AUTHORITIES

The applicable statutes and regulations are provided in Attachment A, attached hereto and incorporated by reference.

STATEMENT OF FACTS

The Water System is a Public Water System located in San Bernardino County that supplies water to a community with a population of 15 employees and a large transient population through 16 service connections. The Water System is permitted as a transient noncommunity water system as defined in CHSC, Section 116275 (o). The Water System utilizes three horizontal wells and one vertical well as its sources of supply. Currently, the Water System is out of service and is receiving their water supply through an emergency auxiliary connection through Crestline-Lake Arrowhead Water Agency (CLAWA).

As shown in Table 1, the Water System collected one routine total coliform bacteriological sample on 12/20/16. The Water System failed to collect samples in the first quarter of 2017. On 06/21/17, the Water System collected one routine total coliform sample.

Table 1: Total Coliform Bacteriological Sample Collections

| Sample Type | Sample Date | Calendar Quarter | No. of Samples Collected |
|---------------------------|-------------|------------------|--------------------------|
| Routine | 12/20/16 | 4 | 1 |
| Failed to collect samples | | 1 | 0 |
| Routine | 06/21/17 | 2 | 1 |

DETERMINATIONS

Title 22, CCR, Division 4, Chapter 15, Article 4, establishes primary drinking water standards and monitoring and reporting requirements for bacteriological quality. Title 22, CCR, Section 64423 (a)(3) states the minimum number of samples for transient noncommunity water systems using groundwater and serving 1000 or fewer persons a month shall be one in each calendar quarter during which the system provides water to the public.

In accordance with CCR, Title 22, Section 64423 (a)(3), the Water System was required to collect one routine total coliform bacteriological sample in each calendar quarter or four samples per calendar year at a minimum. The System failed to collect one routine total coliform bacteriological sample in the first quarter of 2017.

Therefore, the Division has determined that the System violated CCR, Title 22, Section 64423 (a)(3) and CHSC, Section 116555(a)(1).

DIRECTIVES

The Water System and its owner of record are hereby directed to take the following actions:

- 1. On or before September 29, 2017, complete and return to the Division the "Notification of Receipt" form included in Appendix 4.
- 2. **On or before September 30, 2017**, collect one routine total coliform bacteriological sample from within the distribution system.
- 3. On or before October 21, 2017, notify all persons served by the Water System of the violation of Section 64423 (a)(3) in conformance with CCR, Title 22, Section 64463.4. Copies of Section 64463.4 are included in Appendix 1. Appendix 2: Notification Template shall be used to fulfill this directive, unless otherwise approved by the Division. The Water System may post the notice in a conspicuous location where it is visible to the public to satisfy this directive.
- 4. The Water System shall collect quarterly routine coliform bacteriological sample(s) in accordance with CCR, Title 22, Section 64423 (a)(3) and CHSC, Section 116555 (a)(1), and remain in compliance.
- Complete Appendix 3: Compliance Certification Form. Submit it together with a copy of the public notification required by Directive 2 to the Division on or before October 28, 2017.

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All submittals required by this Citation shall be electronically submitted to the Division at the following address. The subject line for all electronic submittals corresponding to this citation shall include the following information: <u>Arrowhead Pine Rose Cabins</u>, 3600415, 05-66-17C-041 and the title of the document being submitted.

Belinda Huy, REHS
Belinda.Huy@dph.sbcounty.gov

Submittals may also be submitted to the Division at the following mailing address.

Division of Environmental Health Services Attn: Belinda Huy, REHS 385 N. Arrowhead Ave., 2nd Floor San Bernardino, CA 92415

As used in this Citation, the date of issuance shall be the date of this Citation; and the Date of service shall be the date of service of this Citation, personal or by certified mail, on the Water System.

The Division reserves the right to make such modifications to this Citation and/or to issue such further order(s) as it may deem necessary to protect public health and safety. Such modifications may be issued as amendments to this Citation and shall be deemed effective upon issuance.

Nothing in this Citation relieves Water System or its owner of record of its obligation to meet the requirements of the California SDWA, or any regulation, standard, permit or order issued thereunder.

PARTIES BOUND

This Citation shall apply to and be binding upon the Water System, its owners, shareholders, officers, directors, agents, employees, contractors, successors, and assignees.

SEVERABILITY

The Directives of this Citation are severable, and Water System and its owner of record shall comply with each and every provision hereof, notwithstanding the effectiveness of any other provision.

FURTHER ENFORCEMENT ACTION

The California SDWA authorizes the Division to issue a citation with assessment of administrative penalties to a public water system for violation or continued violation of the requirements of the California SDWA or any regulation, permit, standard, citation, or order issued or adopted thereunder including, but not limited to, failure to correct a violation identified in a citation or compliance order. The California SDWA also authorizes the Division to take action to suspend or revoke a permit that has been issued to a public water system if the public water system has violated applicable law or regulations or has failed to comply with an order of the Division. The Division does not waive any further enforcement action by issuance of this Order.

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Belinda Huy, REHS

Division of Environmental Health Services

San Bernardino County

Attachments:

Attachment 1: Applicable Authorities

Attachment 2: Tier 2 Public Notification Instructions and Template Attachment 3: Public Notification Certification of Completion Form

Attachment 4: Level 1 Assessment Form

APPENDIX 1. APPLICABLE STATUTES AND REGULATIONS FOR

Violations of Total Coliform MCL

California Health and Safety Code (CHSC):

Section 116271 states in relevant part:

- (a) The State Water Resources Control Board succeeds to and is vested with all of the authority, duties, powers, purposes, functions, responsibilities, and jurisdiction of the State Department of Public Health, its predecessors, and its director for purposes of all of the following:
 - (1) The Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Act (Article 3 (commencing with Section 100825) of Chapter 4 of Part 1 of Division 101).
 - (2) Article 3 (commencing with Section 106875) of Chapter 4 of Part 1.
 - (3) Article 1 (commencing with Section 115825) of Chapter 5 of Part 10.
 - (4) This chapter and the Safe Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Law of 1997 (Chapter 4.5 (commencing with Section 116760)).
 - (5) Article 2 (commencing with Section 116800), Article 3 (commencing with Section 116825), and Article 4 (commencing with Section 116875) of Chapter 5.
 - (6) Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 116975).
 - (7) The Safe Drinking Water, Water Quality and Supply, Flood Control, River and Coastal Protection Bond Act of 2006 (Division 43 (commencing with Section 75001) of the Public Resources Code).
 - (8) The Water Recycling Law (Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 13500) of Division 7 of the Water Code).
 - (9) Chapter 7.3 (commencing with Section 13560) of Division 7 of the Water Code.
 - (10) The California Safe Drinking Water Bond Law of 1976 (Chapter 10.5 (commencing with Section 13850) of Division 7 of the Water Code).
 - (11) Wholesale Regional Water System Security and Reliability Act (Division 20.5 (commencing with Section 73500) of the Water Code).
 - (12) Water Security, Clean Drinking Water, Coastal and Beach Protection Act of 2002 (Division 26.5 (commencing with Section 79500) of the Water Code).
- (b) The State Water Resources Control Board shall maintain a drinking water program and carry out the duties, responsibilities, and functions described in this section. Statutory reference to "department," "state department," or "director" regarding a function transferred to the State Water Resources Control Board shall refer to the State Water Resources Control Board. This section does not impair the authority of a local health officer to enforce this chapter or a county's election not to enforce this chapter, as provided in Section 116500...
- (k) (1) The State Water Resources Control Board shall appoint a deputy director who reports to the executive director to oversee the issuance and enforcement of public water system permits and other duties as appropriate. The deputy director shall have public health expertise.
 - (2) The deputy director is delegated the State Water Resources Control Board's authority to provide notice, approve notice content, approve emergency notification plans, and take other action pursuant to Article 5 (commencing with Section 116450), to issue, renew, reissue, revise, amend, or deny any public water system permits pursuant to Article 7 (commencing with Section 116525), to suspend or revoke any public water system permit pursuant to Article 8 (commencing with Section 116625), and to issue citations, assess penalties, or issue orders pursuant to Article 9 (commencing with Section 116650). Decisions and actions of the deputy director taken pursuant to Article 5 (commencing with Section 116450) or Article 7 (commencing with Section 116525) are deemed decisions and actions taken, but are not subject to reconsideration, by the State Water Resources Control Board. Decisions and actions of the deputy director taken pursuant to Article 8 (commencing with Section 116625) and Article 9 (commencing with Section 116650) are deemed decisions and actions taken by the State Water Resources Control Board, but any aggrieved person may petition the State Water Resources Control Board for reconsideration of the decision or action. This subdivision is not a limitation on the State Water Resources Control Board's authority to delegate any other powers and duties.

Section 116555 states in relevant part:

- (a) Any person who owns a public water system shall ensure that the system does all of the following:
 - (1) Complies with primary and secondary drinking water standards.
 - (2) Will not be subject to backflow under normal operating conditions.
 - (3) Provides a reliable and adequate supply of pure, wholesome, healthful, and potable water.

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Section 116650 states in relevant part:

- (a) If the department determines that a public water system is in violation of this chapter or any regulation, permit, standard, citation, or order issued or adopted thereunder, the department may issue a citation to the public water system. The citation shall be served upon the public water system personally or by certified mail. Service shall be deemed effective as of the date of personal service or the date of receipt of the certified mail. If a person to whom a citation is directed refuses to accept delivery of the certified mail, the date of service shall be deemed to be the date of mailing.
- (b) Each citation shall be in writing and shall describe the nature of the violation or violations, including a reference to the statutory provision, standard, order, citation, permit, or regulation alleged to have been violated.
- (c) A citation may specify a date for elimination or correction of the condition constituting the violation.
- (d) A citation may include the assessment of a penalty as specified in subdivision (e).
- (e) The department may assess a penalty in an amount not to exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per day for each day that a violation occurred, and for each day that a violation continues to occur. A separate penalty may be assessed for each violation.

California Code of Regulations, Title 22 (CCR):

Section 64423 (Routine Sampling) states:

- (a) Each water supplier shall collect routine bacteriological water samples as follows:
 - (1) The minimum number of samples for community water systems shall be based on the known population served or the total number of service connections, whichever results in the greater number of samples, as shown in Table 64423-A. A community water system using groundwater which serves 25-1000 persons may request from the State Board a reduction in monitoring frequency. The minimum reduced frequency shall not be less than one sample per guarter.
 - (2) The minimum number of samples for nontransient-noncommunity water systems shall be based on the known population served as shown in Table 64423-A during those months when the system is operating. A nontransient-noncommunity water system using groundwater which serves 25-1000 persons may request from the State Board a reduction in monitoring frequency if it has not violated the requirements in this article during the past twelve months. The minimum reduced frequency shall not be less than one sample per quarter.
 - (3) The minimum number of samples for transient-noncommunity water systems using groundwater and serving 1000 or fewer persons a month shall be one in each calendar quarter during which the system provides water to the public.
 - (4) The minimum number of samples for transient-noncommunity water systems using groundwater and serving more than 1000 persons during any month shall be based on the known population served as shown in Table 64423-A, except that the water supplier may request from the State Board a reduction in monitoringfor any month the system serves 1000 persons or fewer. The minimum reduced frequency shall not be less than one sample in each calendar quarter during which the system provides water to the public.
 - (5) The minimum number of samples for transient-noncommunity water systems using approved surface water shall be based on the population served as shown in Table 64423-A. A system using groundwater under the direct influence of surface water shall begin monitoring at this frequency by the end of the sixth month after the State Board has designated the source to be approved surface water.
 - (6) A public water system shall collect samples at regular time intervals throughout the month, except that a system using groundwater which serves 4,900 persons or fewer may collect all required samples on a single day if they are taken from different sites.
- (b) In addition to the minimum sampling requirements, all water suppliers using approved surface water which do not practice treatment in compliance with Sections 64650 through 64666, shall collect a minimum of one sample before or at the first service connection each day during which the turbidity level of the water delivered to the system exceeds 1 NTU. The sample shall be collected within 24 hours of the exceedance and shall be analyzed for total coliforms. If the water supplier is unable to collect and/or analyze the sample within the 24-hour time period because of extenuating circumstances beyond its control, the supplier shall notify the State Board within the 24-hour time period and may request an extension. Sample results shall be included in determining compliance with the MCL for total coliforms in Section 64426.1.
- (c)) If any routine, repeat, or replacement sample is total coliform-positive, then the water supplier shall collect repeat samples in accordance with Section 64424 and comply with the reporting requirements specified in Sections 64426 and 64426.1.

Table 64423-AMinimum Number of Routine Total Coliform Samples

| Monthly Population | Service Connections | Minimum Number of |
|------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| 25 to 1000 | 15 to 400 | 1 per month |
| 1,001 to 2,500 | 401 to 890 | 2 per month |
| 2,501 to 3,300 | 891 to 1,180 | 3 per month |
| 3,301 to 4,100 | 1,181 to 1,460 | 4 per month |
| 4,101 to 4,900 | 1,461 to 1,750 | 5 per month |
| 4,901 to 5,800 | 1,751 to 2,100 | 6 per month |
| 5,801 to 6,700 | 2,101 to 2,400 | 7 per month |
| 6,701 to 7,600 | 2,401 to 2,700 | 2 per week |
| 7,601 to 12,900 | 2,701 to 4,600 | 3 per week |
| 12,901 to 17,200 | 4,601 to 6,100 | 4 per week |
| 17,201 to 21,500 | 6,101 to 7,700 | 5 per week |
| 21,501 to 25,000 | 7,701 to 8,900 | 6 per week |
| 25,001 to 33,000 | 8,901 to 11,800 | 8 per week |
| 33,001 to 41,000 | 11,801 to 14,600 | 10 per week |
| 41,001 to 50,000 | 14,601 to 17,900 | 12 per week |
| 50,001 to 59,000 | 17,901 to 21,100 | 15 per week |
| 59,001 to 70,000 | 21,101 to 25,000 | 18 per week |
| 70,001 to 83,000 | 25,001 to 29,600 | 20 per week |
| 83,001 to 96,000 | 29,601 to 34,300 | 23 per week |
| 96,001 to 130,000 | 34,301 to 46,400 | 25 per week |
| 130,001 to 220,000 | 46,401 to 78,600 | 30 per week |
| 220,001 to 320,000 | 78,601 to 114,300 | 38 per week |
| 320,001 to 450,000 | 114,301 to 160,700 | 50 per week |
| 450,001 to 600,000 | | 55 per week |
| 600,001 to 780,000 | 214,301 to 278,600 | 60 per week |
| 780,001 to 970,000 | 278,601 to 346,400 | 70 per week |
| 970,001 to 1,230,000 | 346,401 to 439,300 | 75 per week |
| 1,230,001 to 1,520,000 | | 85 per week |
| 1,520,001 to 1,850,000 | | 90 per week |
| 1,850,001 to 2,270,000 | 660,701 to 810,700 | 98 per week |
| 2,270,001 to 3,020,000 | 810,701 to 1,078,600 | 105 per week |
| 3,020,001 to 3,960,000 | , , | 110 per week |
| 3,960,001 or more | 1,414,301 or more | 120 per week |

Section 64423.1 (Sample Analysis and Reporting of Results) states:

- (a) The water supplier shall designate (label) each sample as routine, repeat, replacement, or "other" pursuant to Section 64421(b), and have each sample analyzed for total coliforms. The supplier also shall require the laboratory to analyze the same sample for fecal coliforms or Escherichia coli (E. coli) whenever the presence of total coliforms is indicated. As a minimum, the analytical results shall be reported in terms of the presence or absence of total or fecal coliforms, or E. coli in the sample, whichever is appropriate.
- (b) The water supplier shall require the laboratory to notify the supplier within 24 hours, whenever the presence of total coliforms, fecal coliforms or E. coli is demonstrated in a sample or a sample is invalidated due to interference problems, pursuant to Section 64425(b), and shall ensure that a contact person is available to receive these analytical results 24-hours a day. The water supplier shall also require the laboratory to immediately notify the State Board of any positive bacteriological results if the laboratory cannot make direct contact with the designated contact person within 24 hours.
- (c)) Analytical results of all required samples collected for a system in a calendar month shall be reported to the State Board not later than the tenth day of the following month, as follows:
 - (1) The water supplier shall submit a monthly summary of the bacteriological monitoring results to the State Board.
 - (2) For systems serving fewer than 10,000 service connections or 33,000 persons, the water supplier shall require the laboratory to submit copies of all required bacteriological monitoring results directly to the State Board.
 - (3) For systems serving more than 10,000 service connections, or 33,000 persons, the water supplier shall require the laboratory to submit copies of bacteriological monitoring results for all positive routine samples and all repeat samples directly to the State Board.

(d) Laboratory reports shall be retained by the water supplier for a period of at least five years and shall be made available to the State Board upon request.

Section 64463.4 (Tier 2 Public Notice) states:

- (a) A water system shall give public notice pursuant to this section if any of the following occurs:
 - (1) Any violation of the MCL, MRDL, and treatment technique requirements, except:
 - (A) Where a Tier 1 public notice is required under section 64463.1; or
 - (B) Where the State Board determines that a Tier 1 public notice is required, based on potential health impacts and persistence of the violations;
 - (2) All violations of the monitoring and testing procedure requirements in sections 64421 through 64426.1, article 3 (Primary Standards Bacteriological Quality), for which the State Board determines that a Tier 2 rather than a Tier 3 public notice is required, based on potential health impacts and persistence of the violations;
 - (3) Other violations of the monitoring and testing procedure requirements in this chapter, and chapters 15.5, 17 and 17.5, for which the State Board determines that a Tier 2 rather than a Tier 3 public notice is required, based on potential health impacts and persistence of the violations; or
 - (4) Failure to comply with the terms and conditions of any variance or exemption in place.
- (b) A water system shall give the notice as soon as possible within 30 days after it learns of a violation or occurrence specified in subsection (a), except that the water system may request an extension of up to 60 days for providing the notice. This extension would be subject to the State Board's written approval based on the violation or occurrence having been resolved and the State Board's determination that public health and welfare would in no way be adversely affected. In addition, the water system shall:
 - (1) Maintain posted notices in place for as long as the violation or occurrence continues, but in no case less than seven days;
 - (2) Repeat the notice every three months as long as the violation or occurrence continues. Subject to the State Board's written approval based on its determination that public health would in no way be adversely affected, the water system may be allowed to notice less frequently but in no case less than once per year. No allowance for reduced frequency of notice shall be given in the case of a total coliform MCL violation or violation of a Chapter 17 treatment technique requirement; and
 - (3) For turbidity violations pursuant to sections 64652.5(c)(2) and 64653(c), (d) and (f), as applicable, a water system shall consult with the State Board as soon as possible within 24 hours after the water system learns of the violation to determine whether a Tier 1 public notice is required. If consultation does not take place within 24 hours, the water system shall give Tier 1 public notice within 48 hours after learning of the violation.
- (c) A water system shall deliver the notice, in a manner designed to reach persons served, within the required time period as follows:
 - (1) Unless otherwise directed by the State Board in writing based on its assessment of the violation or occurrence and the potential for adverse effects on public health and welfare, community water systems shall give public notice by:
 - (A) Mail or direct delivery to each customer receiving a bill including those that provide their drinking water to others (e.g., schools or school systems, apartment building owners, or large private employers), and other service connections to which water is delivered by the water system; and
 - (B) Use of one or more of the following methods to reach persons not likely to be reached by a mailing or direct delivery (renters, university students, nursing home patients, prison inmates, etc.):
 - 1. Publication in a local newspaper;
 - 2. Posting in conspicuous public places served by the water system, or on the Internet; or
 - 3. Delivery to community organizations.
 - (2) Unless otherwise directed by the State Board in writing based on its assessment of the violation or occurrence and the potential for adverse effects on public health and welfare, noncommunity water systems shall give the public notice by:
 - (A) Posting in conspicuous locations throughout the area served by the water system; and
 - (B) Using one or more of the following methods to reach persons not likely to be reached by a public posting:
 - 1. Publication in a local newspaper or newsletter distributed to customers;
 - 2. E-mail message to employees or students;
 - 3. Posting on the Internet or intranet; or
 - 4. Direct delivery to each customer.

Section 64465 (Public Notice Content and Format) states in relevant part:

- (a) Each public notice given pursuant to this article, except Tier 3 public notices for variances and exemptions pursuant to subsection (b), shall contain the following:
 - (1) A description of the violation or occurrence, including the contaminant(s) of concern, and (as applicable) the contaminant level(s);
 - (2) The date(s) of the violation or occurrence;
 - (3) Any potential adverse health effects from the violation or occurrence, including the appropriate standard health effects language from appendices 64465-A through G;
 - (4) The population at risk, including subpopulations particularly vulnerable if exposed to the contaminant in drinking water;
 - (5) Whether alternative water supplies should be used;
 - (6) What actions consumers should take, including when they should seek medical help, if known;
 - (7) What the water system is doing to correct the violation or occurrence;
 - (8) When the water system expects to return to compliance or resolve the occurrence;
 - (9) The name, business address, and phone number of the water system owner, operator, or designee of the water system as a source of additional information concerning the public notice;
 - (10) A statement to encourage the public notice recipient to distribute the public notice to other persons served, using the following standard language: —Please share this information with all the other people who drink this water, especially those who may not have received this public notice directly (for example, people in apartments, nursing homes, schools, and businesses). You can do this by posting this public notice in a public place or distributing copies by hand or mail; and
 - (11) For a water system with a monitoring and testing procedure violation, this language shall be included: "We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a regular basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not your drinking water meets health standards. During [compliance period dates], we ['did not monitor or test' or 'did not complete all monitoring or testing'] for [contaminant(s)], and therefore, cannot be sure of the quality of your drinking water during that time." ...
- (c) A public water system providing notice pursuant to this article shall comply with the following multilingual-related requirements:
 - (2) For a Tier 2 or Tier 3 public notice:
 - (A) The notice shall contain information in Spanish regarding the importance of the notice, or contain a telephone number or address where Spanish-speaking residents may contact the public water system to obtain a translated copy of the notice or assistance in Spanish; and
 - (B) When a non-English speaking group other than Spanish-speaking exceeds 1,000 residents or 10 percent of the residents served by the public water system, the notice shall include:
 - 1. Information in the appropriate language(s) regarding the importance of the notice; or
 - 2. A telephone number or address where such residents may contact the public water system to obtain a translated copy of the notice or assistance in the appropriate language; and
 - (3) For a public water system subject to the Dymally-Alatorre Bilingual Services Act, Chapter 17.5, Division 7, of the Government Code (commencing with section 7290), meeting the requirements of this Article may not ensure compliance with the Dymally-Alatorre Bilingual Services Act.
- (d) Each public notice given pursuant to this article shall:
 - (1) Be displayed such that it catches people's attention when printed or posted and be formatted in such a way that the message in the public notice can be understood at the eighth-grade level;
 - (2) Not contain technical language beyond an eighth-grade level or print smaller than 12 point; and
 - (3) Not contain language that minimizes or contradicts the information being given in the public notice.

Appendix 64465-D. Health Effects Language Inorganic Contaminants.

| Contaminant | Health Effects Language |
|----------------|---|
| Total Coliform | Coliforms are bacteria that are naturally present in the environment and are used as an indicator that other, potentially-harmful, bacteria may be present. Coliforms were found in more samples than allowed and this was a warning of potential problems. |

| Fecal coliform/E. coli | Fecal coliforms and <i>E. coli</i> are bacteria whose presence indicates that the water may be contaminated with human or animal wastes. Microbes in these wastes can cause short-term effects, such as diarrhea, cramps, nausea, headaches, or other symptoms. They may pose a special health risk for infants, young children, some of the elderly, and people with severely compromised immune systems. |
|------------------------|--|
| Turbidity | Turbidity has no health effects. However, high levels of turbidity can interfere with disinfection and provide a medium for microbial growth. Turbidity may indicate the presence of disease-causing organisms. These organisms include bacteria, viruses, and parasites that can cause symptoms such as nausea, cramps, diarrhea, and associated headaches. |

Section 64469 (Reporting Requirements) states in relevant part:

(d) Within 10 days of giving initial or repeat public notice pursuant to Article 18 of this Chapter, except for notice given under section 64463.7(d), each water system shall submit a certification to the State Board that it has done so, along with a representative copy of each type of public notice given.

Section 64481 (Content of the Consumer Confidence Report) states in relevant part:

- (g) For the year covered by the report, the Consumer Confidence Report shall note any violations of paragraphs (1) through (7) and give related information, including any potential adverse health effects, and the steps the system has taken to correct the violation.
 - (1) Monitoring and reporting of compliance data.

Instructions for Tier 2 Monitoring Violations Notice Template

Template Attached

Since all violations of the monitoring and testing procedure requirements determined by the Division to have potential health impacts and persistence of the violations are included in Tier 2, you must provide public notice to persons served as soon as practicle but within 30 days after you learn of the violation [California Code of Regulations, Title 22, Chapter 15, Section 64463.7(b)]. Multiple monitoring violations can be serious. Each water system required to give public notice must submit the notice to the State Water Resources Control Board, Division of Drinking Water (DDW) for approval prior to distribution or posting, unless otherwise directed by the DDW [64463(b)].

Notification Methods

You must use the methods summarized in the table below to deliver the notice to consumers. If you mail, post, or hand deliver, print your notice on letterhead, if available.

| If You Are a | You Must Notify Consumers by | and By One or More of the Following Methods to Reach Persons Not Likely to be Reached by the Previous Method |
|-----------------|---------------------------------|--|
| Community | Mail or direct delivery (a) | Publication in a local newspaper |
| Water System | | Posting (b) in conspicuous public places |
| [64463.7(c)(1)] | | served by the water system or on the |
| | | Internet |
| | | Delivery to community organizations |
| Non-Community | Posting in conspicuous | Publication in a local newspaper or |
| Water System | locations throughout the | newsletter distributed to customers |
| [64463.7(c)(2)] | area served by the water | Email message to employees or students |
| | system (b) | Posting (b) on the Internet or intranet |
| | | Direct delivery to each customer |

⁽a) Notice must be distributed to each customer receiving a bill including those that provide their drinking water to others (e.g., schools or school systems, apartment building owners, or large private employers), and other service connections to which water is delivered by the water system.

The notice attached is appropriate for the methods described above, insertion in an annual notice, or included in the Consumer Confidence Report¹. However, you may wish to modify it before using it for posting. If you do, you must still include all the required

⁽b) Notice must be posted in place for as long as the violation or occurrence continues, but in no case less than seven days.

¹ CCR may be used as long as public notification timing, content, and delivery requirements are met [64463.7(d)].

elements and leave the standard language for monitoring and testing procedure violations and notification language in italics unchanged. This language is mandatory [64465].

You may need to modify the template for a notice for individual monitoring violations. The template presents violations in a table; however, you may write out an explanation for each violation if you wish. For any monitoring violation for volatile organic compounds (VOCs) or other groups, you may list the group name in the table, but you must provide the name of every chemical in the group on the notice (e.g., in a footnote). An example is shown in the table below.

| | Required | Number of | When All Samples | When Samples |
|-------------|----------------|-----------|------------------|-----------------|
| Contaminant | Sampling | Samples | Should Have Been | Were or Will Be |
| | Frequency | Taken | Taken | Taken |
| | | | | |
| VOCs (a) | 1 sample every | None | 2002 – 2005 | February 2006 |
| | 3 years | | | |
| | | | | |

(a) Benzene; Carbon Tetrachloride; 1,2-Dichlorobenzene; 1,4-Dichlorobenzene; 1,1-Dichloroethane; 1,2-Dichloroethane; 1,1-Dichloroethylene; cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene; trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene; Dichloromethane; 1,2-Dichloropropane; 1,3-Dichloropropene; Ethylbenzene; Methyl-*tert*-butyl ether; Monochlorobenzene; Styrene; 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane; Tetrachloroethylene; Toluene; 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene; 1,1,1-Trichloroethane; 1,1,2-Trichloroethane; Trichloroethylene; Trichlorofluoromethane; 1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-Trifluoroethane; Vinyl Chloride; and Xylenes.

You may need to modify the notice if you had any monitoring violations for which monitoring later showed a maximum contaminant level or other violation. In such cases, you should refer to the public notice you issued at that time.

Multilingual Requirement

The notice must (1) be provided in English, Spanish, and the language spoken by any non-English-speaking group exceeding 10 percent of the persons served by the water system and (2) include a telephone number or address where such individuals may contact the water system for assistance.

If any non-English-speaking group exceeds 1,000 persons served by the water system, but does not exceed 10 percent served, the notice must (1) include information in the appropriate language(s) regarding the importance of the notice and (2) contain the telephone number or address where such individuals may contact the water system to obtain a translated copy of the notice from the water system or assistance in the appropriate language.

Population Served

Make sure it is clear who is served by your water system -- you may need to list the areas you serve.

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Corrective Actions

In your notice, describe corrective actions you took or are taking. Listed below are some steps commonly taken by water systems with monitoring violations. Choose the appropriate language, or develop your own:

- "We have since taken the required samples, as described in the last column of the table above. The samples showed we are meeting drinking water standards."
- "We have since taken the required samples, as described in the last column of the table above. The sample for [contaminant] was taken. [Describe corrective action; use information from public notice prepared for violating the limit.]"
- "We plan to take the required samples soon, as described in the last column of the table above."

After Issuing the Notice

Send a copy of each type of notice and a certification that you have met all the public notice requirements to the DDW within ten days after you issue the notice [64469(d)]. You should also issue a follow-up notice in addition to meeting any repeat notice requirements the DDW sets.

It is recommended that you notify health professionals in the area of the violation. People may call their doctors with questions about how the violation may affect their health, and the doctors should have the information they need to respond appropriately.

It is a good idea to issue a "problem corrected" notice when the violation is resolved.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT YOUR DRINKING WATER

Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre su agua potable.

Tradúzcalo o hable con alguien que lo entienda bien.

Monitoring Requirements Not Met For Arrowhead Pine Rose Cabins

Our water system failed to monitor as required for drinking water standards during the past year and, therefore, was in violation of the regulations. Even though this failure was not an emergency, as our customers, you have a right to know what you should do, what happened, and what we did to correct this situation.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a regular basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. During [compliance period dates], we ['did not monitor or test' or 'did not complete all monitoring or testing'] for [contaminant(s)] and therefore, cannot be sure of the quality of our drinking water during that time.

What should I do?

- There is nothing you need to do at this time.
- The table below lists the contaminant(s) we did not properly test for during the last year, how many samples we are required to take and how often, how many samples we took, when samples should have been taken, and the date on which follow-up samples were (or will be) taken.

| Contaminant | Required Sampling Frequency | Number of Samples Taken | When All Samples Should Have Been Taken | When Samples Were or Will Be Taken |
|-------------------------------|--|-------------------------------|---|--|
| Total Coliform Bacteria | 1 sample one in each calendar quarter. | | | |
| | | | | |

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If you have health issues concerning the consumption of this water, you may wish

to consult your doctor.

What happened? What is being done?

[Describe corrective action].

For more information, please contact [name of contact] at [phone number] or [mailing address].

Please share this information with all the other people who drink this water, especially those who may

not have received this notice directly (for example, people in apartments, nursing homes, schools, and

businesses). You can do this by posting this public notice in a public place or distributing copies by hand

or mail.

Secondary Notification Requirements

Upon receipt of notification from a person operating a public water system, the following notification

must be given within 10 days [Health and Safety Code Section 116450(g)]:

• SCHOOLS: Must notify school employees, students, and parents (if the students are minors).

RESIDENTIAL RENTAL PROPERTY OWNERS OR MANAGERS (including nursing homes and care

facilities): Must notify tenants.

BUSINESS PROPERTY OWNERS, MANAGERS, OR OPERATORS: Must notify employees of

businesses located on the property.

This notice is being sent to you by Arrowhead Pine Rose Cabins.

State Water System ID#: 3600415. Date distributed:_____

APPENDIX 3. COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION

Citation Number: 05_66_17C_041_3600415_24

Name of Water System: Arrowhead Pine Rose Cabins

System Number: 3600415

Certification

I certify that the users of the water supplied by this water system were notified of the bacteriological monitoring and reporting violation of California Code of Regulations, Title 22, Section 64423 (a)(3) and the required actions listed below were completed.

| Required Action | Date Comp | oleted |
|--|------------|--------|
| (Citation Directive 1) Notification of Receipt form (due September 2 | 29, 2017) | |
| (Citation Directive 2) Collect one routine total coliform bacteriologic for the third quarter of 2017 (due September 30, 2017) | cal sample | |
| (Citation Directive 3) Public Notification (due October 29, 2017) Method(s) Used: | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| Signature of Water System Representative | Date | _ |

Attach a copy of the public notice distributed to the water system's customers with a copy of the laboratory results taken by September 31, 2017.

THIS FORM MUST BE COMPLETED AND RETURNED TO THE DIVISION OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH, NO LATER THAN October 28, 2017.

Disclosure: Be advised that the California Health and Safety Code, Sections 116725 and 116730 state that any person who knowingly makes any false statement on any report or document submitted for the purpose of compliance with the Safe Drinking Water Act may be liable for, respectively, a civil penalty not to exceed five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for each separate violation or, for continuing violations, for each day that violation continues, or be punished by a fine of not more than \$25,000 for each day of violation, or by imprisonment in the county jail not to exceed one year, or by both the fine and imprisonment.

APPENDIX 4. NOTIFICATION OF RECEIPT

Citation Number: 05_66_17C_041_3600415_24

Name of Water System: Arrowhead Pine Rose Cabins

System Number: 3600415

Certification

| I certify that I am an authorized representative of the Arrowhead Pine | Rose Cabins and that Citation No. |
|--|-------------------------------------|
| 05_66_17C_041_3600415_24 was received on | Further I certify that the Citation |
| has been reviewed by the appropriate management staff of the Arro | whead Pine Rose Cabins and it is |
| clearly understood that Citation No. 05_66_17C_041_3600415_24 cont | ains legally enforceable directives |
| with specific due dates. | |
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| Cignoture of Water Cretors Depress thating | Doto |
| Signature of Water System Representative | Date |

THIS FORM MUST BE COMPLETED AND RETURNED TO THE DIVISION OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH, NO LATER THAN September 29, 2017.

Disclosure: Be advised that the California Health and Safety Code, Sections 116725 and 116730 state that any person who knowingly makes any false statement on any report or document submitted for the purpose of compliance with the Safe Drinking Water Act may be liable for, respectively, a civil penalty not to exceed five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for each separate violation or, for continuing violations, for each day that violation continues, or be punished by a fine of not more than \$25,000 for each day of violation, or by imprisonment in the county jail not to exceed one year, or by both the fine and imprisonment.